

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS General Certificate of Education Advanced Subsidiary Level and Advanced Level

	CANDIDATE NAME		
	CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER
*			
* 4 5	BIOLOGY		9700/31
n	Paper 31 Adva	nced Practical Skills	October/November 2007
б (л			
			2 hours
0	Candidates answer on the Question Paper.		
2 1 0 5 3	Additional Mate	rials: As listed in the confidential instructions	
۵ ۳			

## **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST**

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen in the spaces provided on the Question Paper. You may use a pencil for any diagrams, graphs or rough working. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid. DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer both questions.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. You are advised to spend an hour on each question.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

For Examiner's Use	
1	
2	
Total	

This document consists of 8 printed pages.



[Turn over

You are reminded that you have only one hour for each question in the practical examination.

You should read carefully through the whole of each question and then plan your use of the time to make sure that you finish all of the work that you would like to do.

1 The enzyme catalase is found in a wide range of living organisms. It catalyses the breakdown of hydrogen peroxide which is a highly reactive by-product of respiration.

 $2H_2O_2 \longrightarrow 2H_2O + O_2$ 

The rate of this reaction can be monitored by measuring the rate of bubble production of oxygen gas.

You are required to investigate the effect of potato tissue extract on hydrogen peroxide.

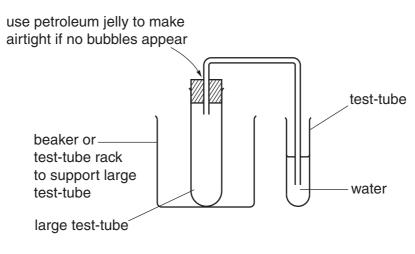
## Take care. Hydrogen peroxide is corrosive when in contact with skin or eyes. Wear safety glasses while performing this experiment.

You are provided with  $40 \text{ cm}^3$  of water, labelled **beaker 1**. You are provided with  $20 \text{ cm}^3$  of  $20 \text{ vol H}_2O_2$ , labelled **beaker 2**. You are also provided with  $10 \text{ cm}^3$  of potato tissue extract containing catalase, labelled **C**.

You are going to make a serial dilution of the 20 vol  $H_2O_2$ .

- Label two small beakers 3 and 4.
- Into beaker **3** place  $10 \text{ cm}^3$  of  $20 \text{ vol H}_2\text{O}_2$  from **beaker 2**.
- Add an equal volume of water from beaker 1 to produce 10 vol H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>.
- Into beaker 4 place  $10 \text{ cm}^3$  of  $10 \text{ vol H}_2\text{O}_2$  from **beaker 3**.
- Add an equal volume of water from **beaker 1** to produce  $5 \text{ vol H}_2O_2$ .

You are provided with the apparatus as shown in Fig. 1.1.





- Place 4 cm<sup>3</sup> of 20 vol H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> from **beaker 2** into the large test-tube. Add 1 cm<sup>3</sup> of potato extract solution **C**. **Immediately** place the bung of the delivery tube firmly into the large test-tube. Bubbles of gas should come from the end of the delivery tube.
- If no bubbles appear then use petroleum jelly to make the delivery tube airtight.

- (a) Determine the number of bubbles produced in an appropriate length of time.Repeat the process with solutions from beakers 1, 3 and 4.
  - (i) Record your results in the space below.

	(ii)	Identify the most significant source of error in the collection of your data.		
		[1]		
	(iii)	Describe how you could modify your experiment to make the results more reliable.		
		[3]		
(b)		A student carried out a similar experiment. The student used a constant concentration of hydrogen peroxide but used <b>pieces</b> of potato tissue of varying surface area.		
	(i)	Describe how you would prepare the potato pieces.		
		[3]		

[2]

4

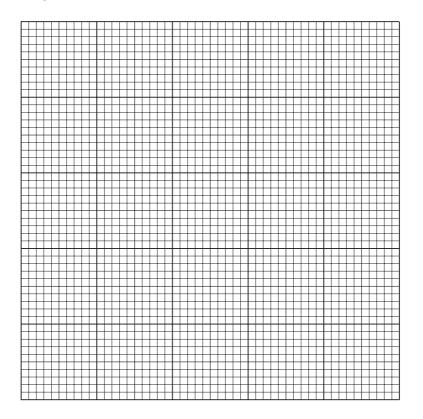
Table 1.1 shows the data the student recorded.

## Table 1.1

volume of potato tissue / cm <sup>3</sup>	surface area of potato tissue / cm <sup>2</sup>	time taken to produce 40 cm <sup>3</sup> of gas / secs
1	1	180
1	2	110
1	4	62
1	8	27

## (ii) Suggest a control for this experiment. Give a reason for this control.

(iii) Plot a graph of the student's data on the grid below to show the effect of surface area on gas production.



[4]

		-
		5
(	iv)	Describe the pattern shown by the results.
		[1]
	()	
	(v)	Using your knowledge of enzymes and the information provided, explain the pattern shown by the results.
		[2]
(	vi)	Use your graph to determine the time taken for a piece of potato of $5.5\text{cm}^2$ to evolve $40\text{cm}^3$ of gas.
		[2]
(\	/ii)	Calculate the rate of reaction in $\rm cm^3$ of gas per second for a piece of potato of $5.5\rm cm^2.$
		[1]
(c)	Προ	cribe how you would set up and perform a similar experiment to determine the effect
		emperature on the rate of the reaction.

[Total: 25]

.....[4]

.....

Show your working.

.....[2]

https://xtremepape.rs/

2

(iv) Calculate the actual diameter of the xylem vessel.

.....[2]

(c) Make a large, low-power, labelled plan diagram of one quarter the section, J1.

(d) Make a large, high-power, labelled drawing to show the cells present in a vascular bundle including a phloem sieve tube and the cells immediately next to it. No more than eight cells should be drawn.

[4]

[Total: 15]

Permission to reproduce items where third-party owned material protected by copyright is included has been sought and cleared where possible. Every reasonable effort has been made by the publisher (UCLES) to trace copyright holders, but if any items requiring clearance have unwittingly been included, the publisher will be pleased to make amends at the earliest possible opportunity.

University of Cambridge International Examinations is part of the Cambridge Assessment Group. Cambridge Assessment is the brand name of University of Cambridge Local Examinations Syndicate (UCLES), which is itself a department of the University of Cambridge.

© UCLES 2007